#### Review §§3.1 - 3.4 Player A

Name \_\_\_\_

### 3.1 - Exponential and Logistic Functions

- 1. Determine whether each statement is always (A), sometimes (S), or never (N) true for exponential function  $f(x) = a \cdot b^x$ .
  - a)  $\lim_{x\to\infty}f(x)=0.$
  - b) f(x) is an odd function.
  - c) The graph of f(x) passes through the point (0, b).
  - d) f(x) is bounded above if a < 0.
  - e) The graph of f(x) has a vertical asymptote.
- 2. Determine whether each statement is always (A), sometimes (S) or never (N) true for logistic function  $g(x) = \frac{c}{1 + a \cdot b^x}$ .
  - a)  $\lim_{x\to\infty} g(x) = 0$
  - b) The initial value of g(x) is greater than 1.
  - c) The graph of g(x) is strictly increasing.
  - d) The domain of g(x) is all positive real numbers.
  - e) g(x) has a vertical asymptote.
- 3. Sketch a graph of each function:
  - a)  $f(x) = 4(2)^{x}$



b) 
$$f(x) = \frac{9}{1+2(\frac{1}{2})^x}$$



## 3.2 - Exponential and Logistic Modeling

- Write an exponential function that satisfies the following conditions (make sure to define your variables!): Initial population = 23,000, population doubles every 9 years.
- 5. Write a logistic function to model a population with an initial value of 3, a limit to growth of 51, and which passes through the point (3, 17).

- 6. (calculator allowed) The population of a bee colony is currently 520, and is increasing at a rate of 2.3% per year.
  - a) Write an equation to model the bee population B after t years.
  - b) How many years will it take until the bee population reaches 2000 bees?
    Round your answer to the nearest hundredth of a year.

#### <u>3.3 – Logarithmic Functions and their Graphs</u>

7. Sketch a graph of the function  $g(x) = \log_2(-x)$ :



8. What transformations are required to transform the function  $f(x) = \log x$  into the function  $g(x) = \log_{15}(x+7)$ ?

9. Simplify:

a) 
$$\log_3\left(\frac{1}{81}\right)$$
 b)  $\ln\left(\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{e^7}}\right)$ 

# 3.4 - Properties of Logarithmic Functions

- 10. (calculator allowed) Evaluate  $\log_5 19$ . Round your answer to the nearest thousandth.
- 11. (calculator allowed) Solve  $e^{x+4} = 253$  for x. Round your answer to the nearest thousandth.
- 12. (calculator allowed) Solve  $\log_6(x+7) = 3.54$  for x. Round your answer to the nearest thousandth.
- **13**. Evaluate  $4\log_6 3 + \log_6 16$